

メタクリル酸ブチルのラットを用いた
吸入による 13 週間毒性試験報告書

試験番号：0829

APPENDICES

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APPENDIX 1 - 1

IDENTITY OF BUTYL METHACRYLATE IN THE 13-WEEK INHALATION STUDY

IDENTITY OF BUTYL METHACRYLATE IN THE 13-WEEK INHALATION STUDY

Test Substance : Butyl methacrylate (Wako Pure Chemical Industries, Ltd.)

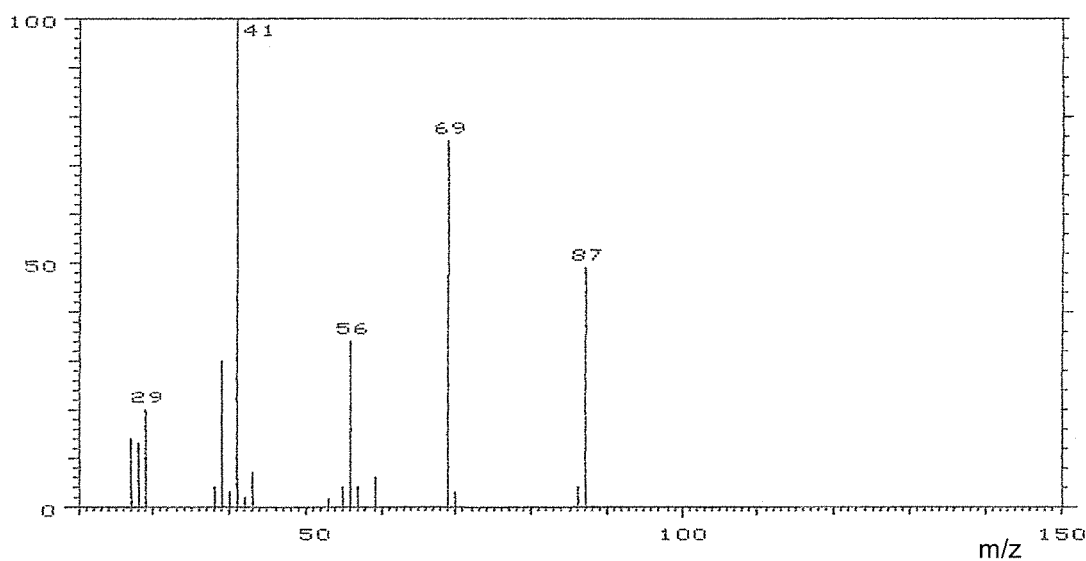
Lot No. : AWK4433

Mass Spectrometry

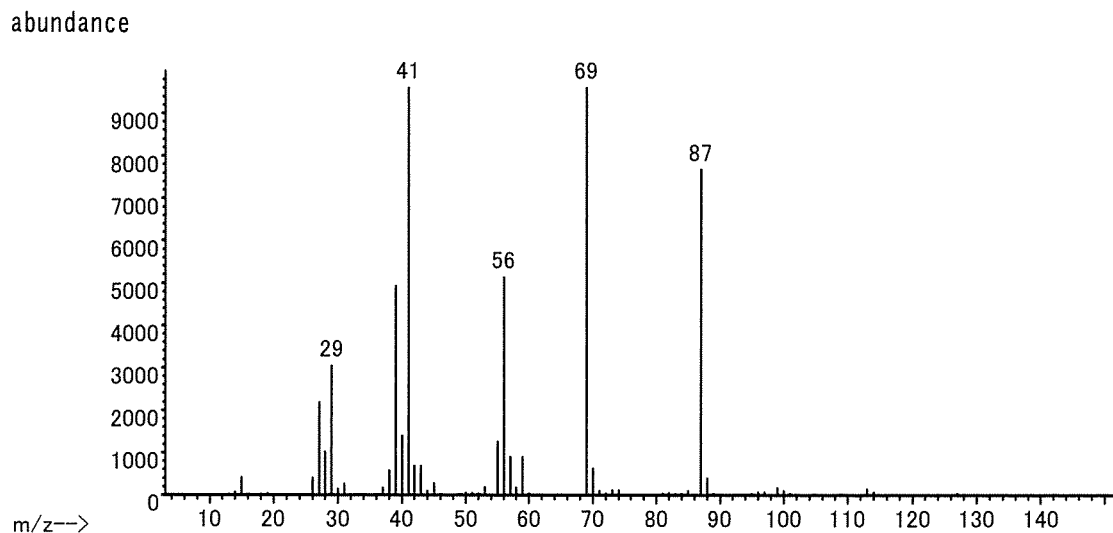
Instrument : Hitachi M-80B Mass Spectrometer

Ionization : EI (Electron Ionization)

Ionization Voltage : 70eV



Mass Spectrum of Test Substance



Mass Spectrum of Literature Data*

Result: The mass spectrum was consistent with literature spectrum.

(*McLafferty FW, ed. 1994. Wiley Registry of Mass Spectral Data. 6th ed. New York, NY:John Wiley and Sons.)

2. Conclusion: The test substance was identified as butyl methacrylate by mass spectrum.

APPENDIX 1 - 2

STABILITY OF BUTYL METHACRYLATE IN THE 13-WEEK INHALATION STUDY

STABILITY OF BUTYL METHACRYLATE IN THE 13-WEEK INHALATION STUDY

Test Substance : Butyl methacrylate (Wako Pure Chemical Industries, Ltd.)

Lot No. : AWK4433

1. Gas Chromatography

Instrument : Agilent Technologies 5890A Gas Chromatograph

Column : INNOWAX (0.53 mm ϕ $\times$ 60 m)

Column Temperature : 140 °C

Flow Rate : 20 mL/min

Detector : FID (Flame Ionization Detector)

Injection Volume : 1 μ L

Date Analyzed	Peak No.	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
2013.09.06	1	1.658	100
2014.01.14	1	1.655	100

Result: Gas chromatography indicated one major peak (peak No.1) analyzed on 2013.9.6 and one major peak (peak No.1) analyzed on 2014.1.14. No new trace impurity peak in the test substance analyzed on 2014.1.14 was detected.

2. Conclusion: The test substance was stable for the period that the test substance had been used for the study.

APPENDIX 2

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS OF INHALATION CHAMBER IN THE 13-WEEK INHALATION STUDY OF BUTYL METHACRYLATE

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS OF INHALATION CHAMBER
IN THE 13-WEEK INHALATION STUDY OF BUTYL METHACRYLATE

Group Name	Temperature (°C) Mean ± S.D.	Humidity (%) Mean ± S.D.	Ventilation Rate (L/min) Mean ± S.D.	Air Change (time/h) Mean
Control	23.2 ± 0.1	54.6 ± 1.5	178.1 ± 0.3	10.1
63 ppm	23.1 ± 0.2	54.6 ± 1.1	177.7 ± 0.4	10.1
125 ppm	23.2 ± 0.2	54.1 ± 1.0	179.0 ± 0.3	10.1
250 ppm	23.1 ± 0.1	53.6 ± 1.3	179.2 ± 0.3	10.1
500 ppm	23.1 ± 0.2	54.6 ± 1.7	177.1 ± 0.4	10.0
1000 ppm	23.1 ± 0.2	52.6 ± 1.5	178.0 ± 0.4	10.1

APPENDIX 3

METHODS, UNITS AND DECIMAL PLACE FOR
HEMATOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY IN THE 13-WEEK
INHALATION STUDY OF BUTYL METHACRYLATE

METHODS, UNITS AND DECIMAL PLACE FOR HEMATOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY
IN THE 13-WEEK INHALATION STUDY OF BUTYL METHACRYLATE

Item	Method	Unit	Decimal place
Hematology			
Red blood cell (RBC)	Light scattering method ¹⁾	$\times 10^6/\mu\text{L}$	2
Hemoglobin(Hgb)	Cyanmethemoglobin method ¹⁾	g/dL	1
Hematocrit(Hct)	Calculated as $\text{RBC} \times \text{MCV}/10$ ¹⁾	%	1
Mean corpuscular volume(MCV)	Light scattering method ¹⁾	fL	1
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin(MCH)	Calculated as $\text{Hgb}/\text{RBC} \times 10$ ¹⁾	pg	1
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (MCHC)	Calculated as $\text{Hgb}/\text{Hct} \times 100$ ¹⁾	g/dL	1
Platelet	Light scattering method ¹⁾	$\times 10^3/\mu\text{L}$	0
Reticulocyte	Light scattering method ¹⁾	%	1
Prothrombin time	Quick one stage method ²⁾	sec	1
Activated partial thromboplastin time(APTT)	Ellagic acid activated method ²⁾	sec	1
White blood cell(WBC)	Light scattering method ¹⁾	$\times 10^3/\mu\text{L}$	2
Differential WBC	Light scattering method ¹⁾	%	0
Biochemistry			
Total protein(TP)	Biuret method ³⁾	g/dL	1
Albumin (Alb)	BCG method ³⁾	g/dL	1
A/G ratio	Calculated as $\text{Alb}/(\text{TP} - \text{Alb})$ ³⁾	—	1
T-bilirubin	BOD method ³⁾	mg/dL	2
Glucose	GlcK·G-6-PDH method ³⁾	mg/dL	0
T-cholesterol	CE·COD·POD method ³⁾	mg/dL	0
Triglyceride	MGLP·GK·GPO·POD method ³⁾	mg/dL	0
Phospholipid	PLD·ChOD·POD method ³⁾	mg/dL	0
Aspartate aminotransferase (AST)	JSCC method ³⁾	U/L	0
Alanine aminotransferase (ALT)	JSCC method ³⁾	U/L	0
Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH)	JSCC method ³⁾	U/L	0
Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)	JSCC method ³⁾	U/L	0
γ -Glutamyl transpeptidase (γ -GTP)	JSCC method ³⁾	U/L	1
Creatine kinase (CK)	JSCC method ³⁾	U/L	0
Urea nitrogen	Urease·GLDH method ³⁾	mg/dL	1
Creatinine	Creatinase·SOD·POD method ³⁾	mg/dL	2
Sodium	Ion selective electrode method ³⁾	mEq/L	0
Potassium	Ion selective electrode method ³⁾	mEq/L	1
Chloride	Ion selective electrode method ³⁾	mEq/L	0
Calcium	OCPC method ³⁾	mg/dL	1
Inorganic phosphorus	PNP·XOD·POD method ³⁾	mg/dL	1

1) Automatic blood cell analyzer (ADVIA120 : Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics Inc.)

2) Automatic coagulometer (Sysmex CA-510 : Sysmex Corporation)

3) Automatic analyzer (Hitachi 7080 : Hitachi,Ltd.)